




**CIGRE Study Committee D2**

**PROPOSAL FOR THE CREATION OF A NEW WORKING GROUP (1)**

<b>WG* N° D2.38</b>	<b>Name of Convenor :</b> Dennis Holstein (US) <b>E-mail address:</b> holsteindk@ocg2u.com	
<b>Technical Issues # (2): 2 and 8</b>	<b>Strategic Directions # (3): 2</b>	
<b>The WG applies to distribution networks (4): Yes</b>		
<b>Title of the Group:</b> A framework for Electric Power Utility (EPU) operators to manage the response to a cyber-initiated threat to their critical infrastructure		
<p><b>Scope, deliverables and proposed time schedule of the Group :</b></p> <p><b>Background :</b> Cyberspace is the collection of computer networks utilizing a variety of wired and wireless connections, a multitude of protocols, and devices ranging from host machines to intelligent electronic devices (IEDs). EPU operators do not have sufficient tools to respond to a serious cyber-initiated threat to their critical infrastructure.</p> <p>A framework for tool development is needed. Such a framework must provide the capability to receive, store, model, retrieve and send cyberspace information to all system components. Implementation of the framework must receive real-time information from various network components and operational overlay sources. The object is to automate the response to a cyber-initiated threat and provide sufficient oversight information to manage the response by measuring, quantifying, and visualizing the situation and response options.</p> <p><b>Scope :</b> Overall the scope of this working group is to produce a framework for a tool that EPU operators can use to automate their response to a cyber-initiated threat. Specific components include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A global survey of EPU interest in a tool that can be used to automate their response to a cyber-initiated threat.</li> <li>2. Specification of capabilities required to design a tool set that can create, model, simulate and control the response to a cyber-initiated threat.</li> <li>3. Characterize example system architectures which can be used as guidelines for developing analysis techniques to assist human understanding of the cyberspace and measures needed to respond to a cyber-initiated threat. Data sets will include logical network topologies and node/link attributes.</li> </ol> <p><b>Deliverables :</b> Technical brochure with summary in Electra</p> <p><b>Time Schedule :</b> start : February 2014 <span style="float: right;"><b>Final report :</b> 2016</span></p>		
<b>Comments from Chairmen of SCs concerned :</b>		
<p><b>Approval by Technical Committee Chairman :</b>  <b>Date :</b> 24/01/2013</p>		

(1) Joint Working Group (JWG) - (2) See attached table 1 – (3) See attached table 2  
(4) Delete as appropriate

**Table 1: Technical Issues of the TC project “Network of the Future” (cf. Electra 256 June 2011)**

<b>1</b>	Active Distribution Networks resulting in bidirectional flows within distribution level and to the upstream network.
<b>2</b>	The application of advanced metering and resulting massive need for exchange of information.
<b>3</b>	The growth in the application of HVDC and power electronics at all voltage levels and its impact on power quality, system control, and system security, and standardisation.
<b>4</b>	The need for the development and massive installation of energy storage systems, and the impact this can have on the power system development and operation.
<b>5</b>	New concepts for system operation and control to take account of active customer interactions and different generation types.
<b>6</b>	New concepts for protection to respond to the developing grid and different characteristics of generation.
<b>7</b>	New concepts in planning to take into account increasing environmental constraints, and new technology solutions for active and reactive power flow control.
<b>8</b>	New tools for system technical performance assessment, because of new Customer, Generator and Network characteristics.
<b>9</b>	Increase of right of way capacity and use of overhead, underground and subsea infrastructure, and its consequence on the technical performance and reliability of the network.
<b>10</b>	An increasing need for keeping Stakeholders aware of the technical and commercial consequences and keeping them engaged during the development of the network of the future.

**Table 2: Strategic directions of the TC (cf. Electra 249 April 2010)**

<b>1</b>	The electrical power system of the future
<b>2</b>	Making the best use of the existing system
<b>3</b>	Focus on the environment and sustainability
<b>4</b>	Preparation of material readable for non technical audience